EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

OF

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN REPORT OF

DEVPUR ORDINARY STONE QUARRY PROJECT

Village: Devpur, Tehsil: Nagri, District: Dhamtari

State: Chhattisgarh

Area: 2.68 Ha, proposed Average Production Capacity: 80,926.218 TPA

APPLICANT

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Credentials: Accredited by QCI/NABET

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) is a process, used to identify the environmental, social and economic impacts of a project prior to decision-making. It is a decision making tool, which guides the decision makers in taking appropriate decisions for proposed projects. EIA systematically examines both beneficial and adverse consequences of the proposed project and ensure that these impacts are taken into account during the project designing.

The Environmental Impact Assessment Documentation has been prepared in terms of EIA notification of the MoEF dated 14-9-2006 and its subsequent amendments thereof and the EIA Guidance Manual for Mining of Minerals (Feb, 2010) of MoEF, Govt. of India, for seeking environmental clearance for mining in the existing area of Devpur Ordinary Stone Quarry Project measuring 2.68 hectares falling under category "B1" due to the order of Hon'ble NGT (PB), Ministry of Environment, Forest & Climate Change (MoEF &CC), Govt. of India vide Office Memorandum F.No.J-13012/12/2013-IA-II (I) dated 24.12.2013.

1.1 Location of the Project

The mining area is located at Khasra No. Part of 447, Village - Devpur, Tehsil -Nagri, District - Dhamtari, and State: Chhattisgarh.

Table No. 1.1 Latitude & Longitude of Lease Area

Boundary Pillars No.	Latitude	Longitude
A	20°19'5.90"N	81°55'47.58"E
В	20°19'6.72"N	81°55'52.43"E
С	20°19'4.61"N	81°55'53.71"E
D	20°19'3.45"N	81°55'52.53"E
Е	20°19'3.64"N	81°55'51.87"E
F	20°18'57.69"N	81°55'50.97"E

1

Table No. 1.2 Salient Features of Project

Project Name	Devpur Ordinary Stone Quarry.		
Location of mine	Village : Devpur Tehsil: Nagri District : Dhamtari State : Chhattisgarh		
Area	2.68 На		
	Boundary Pillars No.	Latitude	Longitude
	A	20°19'5.90"N	81°55'47.58"E
Geo-Coordinates	В	20°19'6.72"N	81°55'52.43"E
	С	20°19'4.61"N	81°55'53.71"E
	D	20°19'3.45"N	81°55'52.53"E
	E	20°19'3.64"N	81°55'51.87"E
	F 20°18'57.69"N 81°55'50.97"E		
Khasra No.	Part of 447		
Minerals of mine	Stone Mining		
Total Mineable reserves	4,04,631.09 T		
Life of mine	6 years		
Max. Proposed production	80,926.218 cubic meter		
Method of mining	Open cast Semi Mechanized		
No of working days	280 days		
Water demand	Total water requirement is about 9.48 KLD =1.04 KLD (Drinking & Domestic Uses) + 6.44 (Plantation) KLD + 2 KLD (Dust Suppression) from nearby ponds and Ground Water.		
Sources of water	Water Tanker		
Man power	37		
Nearest railway station	Nawapara - About 85.66 km in NE direction.		
Nearest airport	Swami Vivekananda International Airport - About 98.04 Km in NNW direction.		
Seismic zone	Zone II		

Table 1.3: Environment Sensitivity

S.NO.	Particulars	Details
1	Nearest Railway Station	Nawapara - About 85.66 km in NE direction.
2	Nearest Airport/Airstrip	Swami Vivekananda International Airport - About 98.04 Km in NNW direction.
3	Nearest School	Primary School - About 5.73 km away from the project site in SE direction.
4	Nearest Hospital	Government Hospital Bhothali – About 9.42 km from the project site in SSE direction.
5	Nearest Temple	Shitla Mandir- About 1.94 km from the project site in West direction.
6	Built-up Area	Chhipalip - About 2.00 km in WSW direction.
7	Nearest National/State Highway	SH-6 - About 0.73 km from the project site in NNW direction.
8	Ecological Sensitive Areas (Wild Life Sanctuaries) within 10km radius.	Sitanadi Wildlife Sanctuary, About - 4.07 Km from Project Site in NNE Direction.
9	Reserved / Protected Forest within 10km radius (Boundary to boundary distance)	None within 10 km radius.

1.2 GREEN BET PLANT

During the proposal period about 36 trees per year will be planted around the mining lease.

Area covered by afforestation is 7.5 sqm during conceptual period which will be rehabilitated providing plantation. Details of proposed plantation are mentioned below:

Table 1.2
TOTAL GREEN BELT PLAN

Phase	Name of Tree	No. of Plants to be Planted	Location	Rate of Survival
1 st Year	Sal , Teak, Bija, Saja, Dhavdha, Mahua, Tendu, Bamboo	536	 Mine lease Boundary-36 Both sides of Approach Road-100 Village/ School/Panchayat Area -200 Distribution of saplings = 200 	
2 nd Year	Sal , Teak, Bija, Saja, Dhavdha, Mahua, Tendu, Bamboo	536	 Mine lease Boundary-36 Both sides of Approach Road-100 Village/ School/Panchayat Area -200 Distribution of saplings = 200 	
3 rd Year	Sal , Teak, Bija, Saja, Dhavdha, Mahua, Tendu, Bamboo	536	 Mine lease Boundary-36 Both sides of Approach Road-100 Village/ School/Panchayat Area -200 Distribution of saplings = 200 	80%
4 th Year	Sal , Teak, Bija, Saja, Dhavdha, Mahua, Tendu, Bamboo	536	 Mine lease Boundary-36 Both sides of Approach Road-100 Village/ School/Panchayat Area -200 Distribution of saplings = 200 	
5 th Year	Sal , Teak, Bija, Saja, Dhavdha, Mahua, Tendu, Bamboo	536	 Mine lease Boundary-36 Both sides of Approach Road-100 Village/ School/Panchayat Area -200 Distribution of saplings = 200 	

The following characteristics should be taken into consideration while selecting plant species for green belt development and tree plantation.

- They should be fast growing and tall trees.
- They should be perennial and evergreen.
- They should have thick canopy cover.
- Plantation should be done in appropriate alternate rows around the proposed site to prevent lateral pollution dispersion.
- The trees should maintain regional ecological balance and conform to soil and hydrological conditions. Indigenous species should be preferred.

1.3 BASE LINE DATA

This section contains the description of baseline studies of the 10 Km radius of the area surrounding "Devpur Ordinary Stone Quarry Project". The data collected has been used to understand the existing environment scenario around the proposed mining project against which the potential impacts of the project can be assessed.

Environmental data has been collected in relation to propose mining for:-

- (a) Land
- (b) Water
- (c) Air
- (d) Biological
- (e) Noise
- (f) Socio-economic

1.4 <u>AMBIENT AIR QUALITY</u>

The results of AAQ are given in Annexure, the results when compared with National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS) of Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) for "Residential, Rural and Industrial Areas" show that the average values of ambient air quality parameters are well within the stipulated limit.

The minimum and maximum level of PM10 recorded within the study area was in the range of 63.45 μ g/m3 to 86.22 μ g/m3. PM2.5 recorded within the study area was in the range of 35.61 μ g/m3 to 56.61 μ g/m3. The minimum and maximum level of SO2 recorded within the study area was in the range of 8.45 μ g/m3 to 16.18 μ g/m3. The minimum and maximum level of NO2 recorded within the study area was in the range of 20.12 μ g/m3 to 30.64 μ g/m3.

1.5 NOISE ENVIRONMENT

The result of Noise Quality at Night time Leq (Ln) varies from 40.4 to 46.4 dB (A) and the hourly daytime Leq (Ld) varies from 55.8 to 59.5 dB (A) within the study area. Low noise level is due to absence of any major industry in the area.

1.6 WATER ENVIRONMENT

The water quality in the impact zone was assessed through physico- chemical and bacteriological analysis of ground and surface water samples. The results have been compared with the drinking

water quality standards specified in IS: 10500. It was observed that all the physico chemical parameters and heavy metals from surface and ground water samples are below stipulated drinking water standards.

All the ground water samples analyzed can be considered fit for drinking purpose in the absence of alternate sources.

Comparing the values of pH, DO, BOD and total coliforms with 'Use based classification of surface waters' published by Central Pollution Control Board; it can be seen that all the analyzed surface waters can be compared with class "B" and can be used as "Outdoor bathing (Organized)".

1.7 SOIL ANALYSIS REPORT

Physical characteristics of soil were characterized through specific parameters viz bulk density, porosity, water holding capacity, pH, electrical conductivity and texture. Soil pH plays an important role in the availability of nutrients. Soil microbial activity as well as solubility of metal ions is also dependent on pH. In the study area, variations in the pH of the soil were found to be neutral (7.11 to 7.59). Electrical conductivity (EC) is a measure of the soluble salts and ionic activity in the soil. In the collected soil samples the conductivity ranged from 645-775µmhos/cm.

The soils with low bulk density have favorable physical condition where as those with high bulk density exhibit poor physical conditions for agriculture crops.

1.8 <u>BIOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT</u>

The lease area as well as buffer zone area reveals no endangered and endemic species of flora and fauna in the area.

1.9 WATER REQUIREMENT

The total water consumption in the Mine is about 9.48 KLD. The water is used in the following purposes.

- For dust suppression & mining allied activity.
- > For drinking & domestic consumption.
- For greenbelt development.

This water will be met from old bore well, hand pump and mine sump located in ML area.

The following table shows the water balance of the mine activity:

Table No. 1.3
WATER CONSUMPTION (KLD)

Activity	Water requirement (KLD)
Dust suppression	2.00
Domestic	1.04
Plantation	6.44
Total	9.48

1.10 WASTE DUMP DISPOSAL

There is Murum (overburden) overlain the deposit. Dumping of waste rock is not required.

1.10.1 LAND FOR DISPOSAL OF WASTE WITH JUSTIFICATION:

Not required as the available soil will be used to develop area for plantation; weathered waste/rejects will also be used in repair and maintenance of roads.

1.11 SOCIO-ECONOMICS

The mine area does not cover any habitation. Hence the mining activity does not involve any displacement of human settlement. No public buildings, places, monuments etc exist within the lease area or in the vicinity. The mining operation will not disturb/ relocate any village or need resettlement. Thus no adverse impact is anticipated.

The impact of mining activity in the area is positive on the socio-economic environment of the region. Devpur Ordinary Stone Quarry Project is providing employment to local population and it will be give preference to the local people whenever there is requirement of man power.

1.12 OCCUPATIONAL HAZARDS AND SAFETY

Occupational safety and health is very closely related to productivity and good employer-employee relationship. The factors of occupational health in Devpur Ordinary Stone Quarry Project are mainly dust and land degradation. Safety of employees during operation and maintenance etc. shall be as per Mines rules and regulations.

To avoid any adverse effect on the health of workers due to various pollutants, sufficient measures relating to safety and health will also be practiced:

Provision of rest shelters for mine workers with amenities like drinking water etc.

- All safety measures like use of safety appliances, such as dust masks, helmets, shoes, safety awareness programs, awards, posters, slogans related to safety etc.
- Training of employees for use of safety appliances and first aid in vocational training center.
- Regular maintenance and testing of all equipment as per manufacturers' guidelines.
- Periodical Medical Examination (PME) of all workers by a medical Officer
- First Aid facility is provided at the mine site.
- Close surveillance of the factors in working environment and work practices which may affect environment and worker's health.
- Working of mine as per approved mining plan and environmental plans.

1.13 ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT PLAN

The mining activities involve, excavation, loading, haulage and transportation of mineral. These activities lead to generation of air borne dust, which can cause air pollution in and around the mining lease area, if appropriate control measures are not taken. Similarly mining causes Land Degradation, Noise and Water Pollution etc. in the area.

In order to minimize impacts of mining on different environmental parameters and to keep air and water quality within prescribed limits of CPCB, a rapid Environmental Management Plan (EMP) is prepared to strictly follow it. This helps in resolving all environmental and ecological issues due to mining in the area. The environmental management plan includes all measures and safety precautions necessary for safe mining along with rehabilitation measures for mined out areas.

ANNUAL EMP COST				
S NO.	Particulars	Budget Provisions (Rs)		
		Capital	Recurring	
1(a)	Overhead water sprinkling facility with solar pump for outgoing and incoming transportation vehicles for haul and transportation.	1,30,000	15,000	
1(b)	Cost of Water own (4000 liter capacity) 2 tanker x 200 Rs./per day X 280 days	Nil	1,12,000	
2	Four Settling Tank [2.5m (W) x 10m (L) 2m (D)] Garland drain [732m (L) x 2m (W) x 1.5 m(D)]	70,000	20,000	
3	Prepare & Maintenance of approach road (Max. Road length 300 m, Width 6.0m) 300m @ 600Rs./Meter	1,80,000	15,000	

4	Monitoring twice a year (Air , Water & Noise twice a	Nil	40,000	
4	year)	INII	40,000	
5	Plantation (4500plants will be planted & Distribution	135000	90,000	
	during the five year) = 900Per year x 150/sapling	133000	70,000	
6	Grazing Land	40,000	10,000	
7	Wire Fence 732 m x200	1,48,600	45,000	
	Labour Welfare			
8	Drinking Water Facility & Temporary rest shelter (25 x 15 feet)	70,000	20,000	
9	Separate toilets for Male & Female No. of 2	1,80,000	15,000	
9	Occupational health Survey 37 labour @ 500 Rs. =	Nil	37000	
9	18500Rs./twice per year x 2	NII 3/00	37000	
10	PPES to Work(Helmet shoes, gloves, goggle etc), 37	44400	5000	
10	labor @1200 Rs.	77700	3000	
11	First Aid Kits, Number of kits 5	40,000	10,000	
12	Fire Safety (1 nos.), @ 30,000	1,11,600	20,000	
	Solid Waste Management			
a.	Bins 2 Nos.	1500		
b.	Pit and Composed	5000	5,000	
c.	Transport of Dry Waste	5000		
13	Vehicle Maintenance + PUC Certification	Nil	25,000	
15	Signage and Caution Board	5,000	1,000	
	Total EMP Cost	11,66,100	4,85,000	

1.15 CONCLUSION

As discussed, it is safe to say that the project is not likely to cause any significant impact on the ecology of the area, as adequate preventive measures will be adopted to contain the various pollutants within permissible limits. Green belt development around the area will also be taken up as an effective pollution mitigates technique, as well as to control the pollutants released from the premises of the Proposed Mine.
